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WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, MARCH 30, 1894-TWELVE PAGES.

TWO CENTS

Speaker Crisp Will Not Accept the Senator Harris Will Oppose the Mahone Appointment as Senator.

NEEDED IN THE HOUSE

An Election of Speaker Now Would Be Disastrous.

WHAT HIS FRIENDS SAY

The appointment of Speaker Crisp to sucseed Mr. Colquitt in the Senate was an utter and complete surprise to Mr. Crisp and
to his colleagues in Congress. There is no
doubt that Mr. Crisp would like to go to the
Senate, and if the situation was such as to
admit of his accepting the appointment
he would doubtless do so, as there is no
question of his being re-elected to the long
term without opposition should he enter the
Senate now. The situation is such, however, that it is believed to be impossible
for him to accept. And it is certain that

pelled to decline the appointment. This, it is evident, the democrats of the House will insist on. There is a very earnest declaration on the part of his party colleagues that he must rot resign the speakership. The confusion which would follow a speakership contest at this time, it is claimed, is something almost appalling to contemplate.

Speaker Crisp's room at the Capitol was crowded with members for an hour before the House met today, tendering him their congratulations upon his appointment as Senator, some urging him to accept and others to decline the honor. A steady

Mr. Crisp to his present place, and he is recognized as one of the Speaker's closest confidants. Mr. Mortgemery said: "The Speaker has given no intimation of his de-termination, and I called say what he will But I feel satisfied that he will make the sacrifice that the party and the country has a right to demand of him. His resignation of the Speakership would mean the demoralization of the House in the face of a situation on the tariff question that demands such action by the House as can only be hoped for under the superb leader-ship which he has manifested ever since he has been in the chair. The democratic has a right to expect that the people Georgia accept this sacrifice of Mr Crisp's ambitions for the good of the whole party and the country. I know Mr. Crisp well erough to believe that he will place the interest of the party above his perinterest, and make any sacrifice of only a temporary one. The country will future conspicuous advancement.'

Mr. Catchings Hopes He Will Decline. viser, said: "I hope the Speaker will deconclusion in the strongest terms. He is street; thence to 18th street; also on not the man to consider his personal internot the man to consider his personal inter-Bladensburg road by single track. acter are at stake. But, in my judgment, his declination of the Senatorship will not be in the nature of a sacrifice. The Speaker-ship of the House is more than a Senator-Even as leader of a House minority Mr. Crisp would be more conspicuous and more valuable to his party than he would be in the Senate. Moreover, I do not think his declination now would interfere with his accepting a Senatorship when the regular elec- deputy, and also appointed W. W. Bokman cepting a Senatorship when the regular elec-tion occurs in Georgia next winter if the legislators of Georgia should then desire and S. Ransdell and Lewis Pierce, respectively,

Will Not Leave the Speakership. Speaker Crisp told a prominent democrat at 12:30 today that he would decline the himself, but it met with general approval. Mr. Robison was appointed as one of his deputies by Marshai Wilson on the 1st in-

A Petition Urging Declination. A petition is being signed by the demo-A petition is being signed by the demo-crats of the House urging Speaker Crisp not to accept the appointment to the Sen-retary of the Washington Loan and Trust ate. The petition, after complimenting him upon the selection and approving of the wisdom of the choice, says: "The compil- man, being widely and favorably known ment paid you is, indeed, well merited. The thro position you now hold, owing to existing conditions, is a highly important one-important to the country and to the party in Mr. Robison's successor. whose principles you believe. We appeal to you in the name of the country you love and cherish, and the party whose able repre-sentative you are, to decline further honors at this time and to remain in the position you now occupy. In doing this you will

Crisp for his consideration, and there is it tariff debate, which is to begin in the sendoubt that he will regard the wishes of his ate next Monday.

The committee has also had its attention

## Gov. Northen has to be made this afternoon or tonight.

to resign his seat in Congress at once and qualify as successor to Serator Colquitt, so ported. that he could take part in the tariff discussion which comes up next week. The governor was considered a candidate for the Senate himself, but he announced that he was not in the race. He said he felt It his duty to appoint a Georgian who could this duty to appoint a Georgian who could do the country the greatest service, and he considers Speaker Crisp that man.

Speaker Crisp sent back word that he carriers at a salary of \$1,200 in cities where would have to consult members of the House before deciding whether or not he will accept the appointment.

proved desings for fifty-five monuments to the regiments and batteries of the state of Ohio on the battle field of Chickamauga. mittee in support of the bill providing that They were prepared by Capt. J. C. McElroy no letter carrier shall be removed on of the Ohio Chickamauga commission. The average cost of the monuments will be \$1,500, exclusive of foundations. The contracts call for their erection on the field about September 19 next. The state of Minnesota will have its five monuments one of which is to cost \$6,000-in position for the five days' battle within its limits. I tillery.

Printing Office Site.

He Was Surprised at the Senate's Action-Why He Favors the Present Location.

The Senate will start on Monday to debate the tariff bill, to the probable exclusion of all other measures, including the bill for a new government printing office. Owing to the keen foresight of Senator Harris a week ago yesterday, when the Mahone lot amendment was adopted, the bill now stands in an interesting position, The appointment of Speaker Crisp to suc-leed Mr. Colquitt in the Senate was a re-

for him to accept. And it is certain that the democrats of the House will not permit it if they have the influence to prevent.

Must Remain in the House.

As tempting as is the prospect of a position of ease and comfort in the Senate and as uncertain as are the prospects for the democrats to hold the next House, the Speaker feels that he still owes a duty to his party which will undoubtedly compel him to remain in the House.

There are plenty of men in the House and the prospect of the democration of the House.

There are plenty of men in the House are only only of the democration of the which would have to be abandoned if any other lot were chosen, the cost of a new building would be upward of \$1,000,000 or \$1,000,000.

"I can show, too, that by preserving the control of the democration of the House are plenty of men in the House.

"I can show, too, that by preserving the control of the control of the control of the House are plenty of the House and the House are plenty of the House are provided the House are plenty of the House are provided to the bill as an ended and endeavor to prevent its passage by every effort of which I am capable. I can show the Senate, and as uncertain as are the prospects for the bill as an ended and endeavor to prevent its passage by every effort of which I am capable. I can show the Senate, and as uncertain as are the prospects for the bill as an ended and endeavor to prevent its passage by every effort of which I am capable. I can show the Senate, and the provided and the pa

There are plenty of men in the House any one of whom would make a good Speaker, but a change in the speakership at this time, splitting the Congress in two in the middle, to start over again, especially when there is so much of uncertainty in political matters, would necessarily be a serious set-back to the Congress, disorganizing things, for a time anyhow, and breaking the continuity of the plan of work.

Will Decline the Appointment.

At whatever personal sacrifice it may be, it is believed that he will surely be compelled to decline the appointment. This, it something almost appalling to contemplate.
That he will decline is certain.

Congratulations on All Sides.

"You see, none of the water, gas and sewer

Senator, some urging him to accept and others to decline the honor. A steady stream of messenger boys were also carrying telegrams of congratulation from all parts of the country.

What Representative Montgomery
Says.

Representative Mortgomery of Kentucky was one of the Speaker's licutenants during the Speakership cortest which elevated Mr. Crisp to his present place, and he is saw the amendment had carried.'

## THE SUBURBAN RAILWAY CO. A Bill With a Proposed Change of

Route Introduced. Mr. Richardson introduced in the House today a bill to amend the charter of the District of Columbia Suburban Railway Company, by permitting a change of route, the new route authorized to be as follows: On Maryland avenue northeast to G street northeast; thence west on G to 5th street northwest; south on 5th to Louisiana thence southwesterly to a point near 7th street northwest. Also beginning at the junction of the Bunker Hill road and 12th street in Brookland; south on 12th street to Dahlgren circle; thence by a line his ambition that the public good may demand. What is more, the sacrifice will be sioners to the intersection of Mt. Olivet road and 12th street east extended. Also on Mt. Olivet road from Bladensburg road to 12th street extended; thence along 12th street to Florida avenue; thence on 12th Representative Catchings, who, with Mr. street east to G street northeast; also be-Montgomery, has been Mr. Crisp's close ad- ginning at the junction of Europia and 24th street in Langdon along 24th street, cline. His friends are urging him to that 22d street; thence on 22d street; thence on 22d street and Chapel road to Baltimore

# NEW FIRST DEPUTY.

Marshal Wilson Appoints Wm. B. Robison to Succeed Mr. Leonard. United States Marshal Wilson this afternoon appointed Mr. Wm. B. Robison to succeed Capt. John R. Leonard as his first who were today appointed on the District jail force by Warden Leonard. The appointment of Mr. Robison came as

almost universal request which came to him stant, and assumed charge of the financial from his colleagues not to leave the Speaker- affairs of the office. He was not then a new man in the office, however, for he oc-cupied the same desk under Marshals Mc-Michael and Ransdell, and also under Mar-Company, and resigned that position to accept one under Marshal Wilson a month ago. He is an exceedingly popular young ughout the District. Marshal Wilson stated to a Star reporter this afternoon that he had not yet selected

Preparing for the Tariff Debate. Senators Jones, Vest and McPherson. constituting the tariff subcommittee of the you now occupy. In doing this you will Senate, have been in conference in the room ever enjoy the gratitude of a grateful peoo'clock today and are supposed to be aretition will be presented to Mr. ranging the democratic program for the his consideration, and there is no tariff debate, which is to begin in the Sen-

called to a few items in the bill which are supposed to contain errors and the subcom-mittee is considering these preparatory to In a message wired Speaker Crisp last the offering of any amendments which may be considered necessary. Any changes made in the bill will now necessarily be made in the open Senate, the bill having been re-

# For \$1,200 Carriers.

Representative Warner of New York accompanied a delegation of letter carriers and misery that cannot be thrown in the from New York city, who appeared before the postal revenues exceed annually \$50,000. Those benefited by the proposed legislation would be confined to the following-named cities: Baltimore, Boston, Brooklyn, Chica-go, Cincinnati, New York, Philadelphia, Battle Monuments.

go, Cincinnati, New York, Philadelp Pittsburg, St. Louis and San Francisco. The chairman and secretary of the legis-lative committee of the national association of letter carriers were also before the comcharges filed against him until such charges have been examined, and providing further that record of the examination shall be reviewed by a board, such as the Postmaster General may prescribe.

The readiness with which the Distilling at the same time. Twenty-one state commissions are now co-operating with the
national commission in locating the fighting positions throughout the national park to lead to the construction of another dis-

This Country Not Likely to Interfere at Bluefields.

AMERICAN INTERESTS TO BE GUARDED

Nicaraguans Threaten Another Invasion.

AFFAIRS MOST CRITICAL

(Special Colon dispatch. Copyrighted, 1894, by the Associated Press.) COLON, March 30.-It is reported that the Nicaraguans threaten to make a second seizure of the Mosquito reservation.

An American citizen is said to have been shot by order of Acting Governor of Rama. The British warship Canada is waiting for a reasonable time at Bluefields, in anticipation of the arrival of the United States flagship San Francisco, with Rear Admiral Benham on board. The situation of affairs at Bluefields is

said to be most critical. NEW ORLEANS, La., March 30 .- Two vessels arrived here yesterday from Blue-fields, Nicaragua. United States Vice Con-sul Seat and Mr. West, with the latest ad-vices, will leave for Washington today.

Notwithstanding the report from Colon of Notwithstanding the report from Colon of impending trouble at Bluefields, the State Department officials do not apprehend any danger to American residents or property there, and the presence of the British warship Canada, it is believed, will assure peace for the time being.

The U. S. S. San Francisco, with Admiral Benham on board, sailed from Plica on the

The U.S. S. San Francisco, with Admiral Benham on board, sailed from Rio on the 18th instant, and it is expected that she will reach Bluefields about the middle of next week. Once on the scene, Admiral Benham will probably communicate with Minister Baker, and in conjunction with him will give his attention to the full protection of American citizens at Bluefields. It is not his purpose to interface in the dispute her his purpose to interfere in the dispute be-tween the Nicaraguans and the Mosquito government of Bluefields, for, in conformity with the well-established policy of this gov



The Mosquito Coast.

tives are limited to the use of their good offices to conserve the peace and to the protection of the lives and property of American citizens. So long as these are respected it may be difficult for Admiral Benham to see a way to interfere, even should the Nicaraguans make another attempt to possess themselves of the Mosquito reservation over which their sovereignty has been acknowledged.

The provisional government, which has been suggested, with American representation, may be established, but it is improbable that this government will recognize any elements of nationality in its composition, or in any way commit itself to a protectorate, and the American representatives in the Mosquito reservation will not be permitted to place the government in

The relations between the British govern ment and Nicaragua are essentially different from those existing between the United States and Nicaragua, and unfortunately this was caused by the act of the Nicaraguans themselves. The treaty of 1860 between Great Britain and Nicaragua, whereby the former relinquished its protectorate over the Mosquito reservation, was cer-tainly ill-defined, and did not provide for just such emergencies as have recently arisen. It might well have been claimed by the Nicaraguans that with the practical disappearance of the native Mosquito tribes at Bluefields, Nicaragua was justified in asserting absolute control over the country.
But in an unguarded moment Nicaragua

consented to have the treaty interpreted by the Emperor of Austria, and naturally his decision was against the little republic and in favor of England's right to enforce its construction of the treaty, whereby Great Britain assumed the right to look after the Mosquito's welfare. By her acquiescence in this decision Nicaragua, it would seem, is now precluded from res ing British interference so long as it is confined to the protection of the autonomy of the Bluefield government.

The committee from Bluefield was in St.

Louis at last report, and is expected here

# PROGRESS OF THE COXEVITES. Good in Eastern Ohio.

COLUMBIANA, March 30.-Songs were heard all over the commonweal camp soon after dawn. There was a promise of plenty to eat, warm quarters and a brilliant morn-

terday by the people here, many of the older and more respectable soldiers got nothing but potatoes and bread for break-fast. Others had several chops, coffee, preserves and other delicacies. Coxey has resumed command of the com-monweal, and there was no lingering after breakfast as heretofore. The commissary wagons were sent round to the store room in Columbiana and loaded high with the surplus good things donated by the citizens. Breakfast passed off without any event, and at 9 o'clock the command was on the

march. There was a cloudless sky. just keeness enough in the air to make walking pleasant. The first stop was New Waterford, five miles out, where lunch was served. The objective point was Camp Gompers, at East Palestine, ten miles away.

The mystery of the unknown Marshal Smith is claimed to have been solved by a New Lisbon attorney. He was in Columbiana last night to see the commonweal

march in, and says he recognized Smith as being, three years ago, ring master in a little circus that visited the town. EL PASO, Tex., March 30.-Gen. Frye says that Coxey's army will number 4,000 -000 men by the time it reaches Washington, and that it will be a living petition of want

## JUDGE VINSON AGAIN BEATEN. Tie in the Maryland House on the Vote to Extend His Term.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. ANNAPOLIS, Md., March 30.-The house of delegates has decided not to extend the term of Judge Jno. S. Vinson of Montgomery county. During the discussion of the question in the house of delegates, Mr. lent personal attack on Judge Vinson's

standing.

The debate was warm, and was participated in by a large number of members. Senator Talbott of Montgomery county, who is said to be a candidate for Judge Vinson's seat, came over to the house and listened with apparent interest to the discussion. The vote was a tie, 35 to 35, and Judge Vinson will, therefore, have to step down from the bench next year. Mr. Lamar and tory.

Capt. John R. Leonard Relieves Major Burke at the Jail.

He Makes Several Appointments and More Will Follow-Regret at the Marshal's Office.

That large resort on the banks of the placid Eastern branch known as the District jail witnessed a change of management today, when Capt. John R. Leonard relieved Maj. Jerome B. Burke as warden, pursuant to the recent decision of the Su- SENATE DISTRICT COMMITTEE preme Court of the District. The ceremony attending the change was simplicity itself, the new warden, accompanied by a Star reporter, driving down to the prison about 10:30 this morning, where he was cordially Burke, after extending his congratulations, plaining all the details attending the management of the jail and the prevailing rules and regulations.



suming the duties of his new position, he became responsible for the safe keeping and care of 298 prisoners, of whom twenty-seven were females, which number would undoubtedly be increased during the day by the different courts. The prison was found to be in excellent condition, clean and in ship-shape order, with but a single patient in that part of the institution arranged as

## Removals and Appointments.

The new warden spent about two hours with the working details and with the existing rules and regulations, drove back to the marshall officers. So the existing law by striking out the word 20 and inserting 30 rooms, which constitutes a hotel. the marshal's office to wind up his affairs there as deputy to Marshal Wilson. Before leaving the jail Warden Leonard announced the following removals and appointments in the prison officials: Harry C. Leonard, clerk, vice Edmund F. Burke, the appointment was adopted to avoid frequent instead of "two reputable citizens." This amendment was adopted to avoid frequent impossibility of securing the testimony of Securing the Securing t the marshal's office to wind up his affairs W. Graham, removed, to take effect tomor-row: Mrs. Alice Bennett, matron, vice Mrs. row; Mrs. Alice Bennett, matron, vice Mrs Nannie McNerhany, removed, to take effec March 31

The incoming clerk of the jail is the only son of Warden Leonard, and Messrs. Rans-dell and Pierce are at present bailiffs under Marshal Wilson, and to a Star reporter the marshal stated that they were most capa-ble men, and that he parted with them with much reluctance and great regret. Mr. Mc-Caffrey was until recently a deputy mar-

## shal at the Police Court. Further Changes.

Warden Leonard stated that the aponly ones for the present, but intimated that additional changes among the prison officials might be expected shortly. As was also sworn in later in the day by Clerk John R. Young of the District Supreme Court. Upon the new warden's re-turn to the marshal's office after assuming charge of the jail he was besteged by mem bers of the bar and other friends, who came to offer their congratulations. 'I can sincerely say," remarked Marshal Wilson this afterneon, "that I deeply regret to lose Capt. Leonard. He has been a most efficient officer, of great service to me and he is a good man and an exceedingly popular one. His choice by the court thorities looking to the passage of this bill or one of a similar nature. He added that as warden of the District jail was an excellent one, and I am sure that his con-

# CONTINUING WORK.

dom of his selection."

duct of the prison will fully prove the wis-

The River and Harbor Bill Sees the

was completed by the House committee today.

The bill makes a total appropriation approximating \$9,500,000. The estimates be-fore the committee amounted to \$38,770,611. In addition to the amount carried by the regular river and harbor bill, the sundry The Weather Pleasant and Walking civil bill contains items aggregating \$8,-300,000 for contract work on rivers and harbors. The total amount available, therefore, the next fiscal year is nearly \$18,-000,000. The river and harbor bill of 1890 made appropriations amounting to \$24,981,-295, and that of 1892 appropriations amounting to \$21,290,975. The bill, Chair-Despite the quantity of meat donated yesman Catchings says, does not contain any appropriations for new projects, but provides for a continuation of the works al-ready in progress, together with surveys for some proposed improvements and pre-

liminary examinations for others.

The improvement of the Potomac river gets \$100,000; Nansemond river \$10,000, James river \$100,000, Rappahannock river \$10,000, York river \$20,000, Patapsco river and channel \$12,000, Baltimore harbor \$50,000, Norfolk harbor and approaches \$75, 000.

## COLLECTOR AT GEORGETOWN. An Appointment Will Take Place Next Week.

Either Mr. Manogue, Mr. Stevens or Mr. Hutchins of Georgetown will be nominated as collector of customs at Georgetown early next week. The selection was made before | be of great service to the government by Secretary Carlisle's departure for New York Wednesday night. It is one of the itol street so that there can be direct comthree persons above named, but which one cannot be positively stated. They are all printing office, whether the latter be logood democrats and are strongly backed. good democrats and are strongly backed. Either one of them would satisfy the local home rule contention. Capt. Johnson, the republican incumbent, adheres to his re-fusal to resign unless the Secretary assures him that the change is not made on account of charges. It is said at the Treasury Department that no more communications will be sent to Mr. Johnson on the subject, and unless he complies with the trict Engineer Commissioner, on this sub-ject and he has assured them that the request for his resignation the nomination of his successor will read, "in place of Sherman A. Johnson, removed." plan for a railroad viaduct will plenty of room for a regrading of North

# THE PRSIDENT HAPPY.

Lamont, who is inspecting military posts in apparent interest to the discussion. York and elsewhere congratulating him on yote was a tie, 35 to 35, and Judge on will, therefore, have to step down to the bench next year. Mr. Lamar and Talbott are much pleased at their vical Talbott are much pleased at their vical Talbott are much pleased at their vical Talbott are much pleased at the meeting were the Bering sea affair and the troubles in Bluefields.

Score of telegrams and letters from New York and elsewhere congratulating him on his veto of the Bland silver bill, and consequently was in high spirits at the cabinet meeting. Among the principal matters considerations are being taken seriously adding a provision for free coininge, but several blocks north of the tracks. These dading a provision for free coininge, but several blocks north of the tracks. These considerations are being taken seriously into account, and will probably be made the subject of arguments later by the subcommittee in favor of the proposed legislation.

# HE WILL DECLINE HE IS IN EARNEST NO PROCTECTORATE WARDEN LEONARD NOW NO FURTHER DELAY NOTHING YET DONE MORE OF HIS STORY

Senator Faulkner Says the B. & O. Viaduct Plan Will Be Carried Out.

THE COMPANY IS NOT OPPOSED

Senator Gibson to Further Amend the Race Track Bill.

The Senate District committee held a session of about an hour today and discussed the subject of liquor licenses on race tracks. received by the retiring warden. Maj. It having been discovered that the language of the bill reported by Mr. Gibson introduced his successor to those officers of day before yesterday, providing for bookthe prison on duty at the time, and then making at the regular meets of the two escorted him through the Institution, ex- tracks, in reality confined this privilege to the Washington Jockey Club in its meets on these two tracks, the committee decided to still further amend the bill by straightening out the language so that there shall be during the spring and fall meetings of the regularly organized clubs now operating the Benning and Ivy City tracks and at none others. Mr. Gibson was directed by the committee to have the bill called up on Monday and passed if possible, with amendments that will secure this end without any ments that will secure this end without any doubt or confusion as to the meaning of the doubt or confusion as to the meaning of the doubt or confusion as to the meaning of the doubt or confusion as to the meaning of the doubt or confusion as to the meaning of the doubt or confusion as to the meaning of the doubt or confusion as to the meaning of the doubt or confusion as to the meaning of the doubt or confusion as to the meaning of the doubt or confusion as to the meaning of the doubt or confusion as to the meaning of the doubt or confusion as to the meaning of the doubt or confusion as to the meaning of the doubt or confusion as to the meaning of the doubt or confusion as to the meaning of the doubt or confusion as to the meaning of the doubt or confusion as to the meaning of the doubt or confusion as to the meaning of the doubt or confusion existed on the floor during the proceedings last night.

"There was no confusion existed on the floor during the proceedings last night.

"There was no confusion as regards that point of order," replied Mr. Reed, adding, with emphasis, "at least not on the floor."

Mr. Springer (IiI.) demanded the previous question on the approval of the journal, rethe lawyers on both sides, never would have the lawyers on both sides.

## Liquor Bill. House bill 3740, known as the Babcock

reported two weeks ago and placed on the calendar, was again discussed by the committee. After considerable debate Senator Warden Leonard discovered that, in as- Hansbrough was directed to report a substitute for the bill providing that bar room licenses may be issued for hotels existing be granted to proprietors of stores estabplaces of divine worship within the 400-foot limit. The substitute bill also provides an amendment to section 3 of the existing law authorizing the Commissioners to appoint an assistant clerk to the excise board at at the jail, and after familiarizing himself \$1,200 a year; also amends section 5 of the

The substitute also amends section 15 of

## B. and O. Tracks.

After the regular meeting, Senator Faulkner was waited upon by a delegation of three citizens, composed of President W. J. Frizzell, Vice President Evan H. Tucker and Mr. W. O. Miller of the Northeast Washington Association, who called to urge upon him action upon Senate bill 656, prescribing a new and safer route for the Balti-more and Ohio railroad, which was intro-duced by Mr. Sherman in August. This bill prescribes that the two branches of the road shall be joined outside of the city and outside of the government property at Kendall pointments he made today would be the only ones for the present, but intimated four-track viaduct of masonry along Delaware avenue to the present station near the Capitol. The delegation briefly presented arguments to show the necessity for some stated in yesterday's Star, Warden Leon-ard filed his bond yesterday afternoon and running the trains, which at present speeded through the northeast section on level, imperiling the lives of hundreds of citizens daily.

# Company Has Agreed.

thorities looking to the passage of this bill Talk of Renewed Efforts to Rethrone or one of a similar nature. He added that the company had no objection to joining the road and had delayed somewhat the execution of the project aimed at in the bill. He thought that perhaps the time limit mentioned in the bill for the accomplish-ment of the improvement might prove The bill as drawn prescribes that the changes shall be completed by the 1st of Janary, 1807. It was the evident idea of the the date of its passage and the completion of the new works. But the bill has been deand a half would only be granted. Mr. Faulkner said that the committee on the District of Columbia were heartily in favor of this project, and will probably insist that the viaduct be constructed in the form of a series of arches, giving light

and air as well as access from one side of Delaware avenue to the other. The committee, he continued, would not now consent to further delay on the company's plea of hard times. A Full Hearing. Mr. Tucker showed the Senator a profile

## of the region under discussion, and the Senator said that the subcommittee had already become familiar with the map, and added, that as soon as action has been

mmittee will grant a full hearing

taken by the House committee upon a simi-

Northeast Association as well as to the rep-

lar bill now pending there the Senate sub-

resentatives of the railroad company, in order that the bill may be discussed by each side in the hearing of the Senators. Advantages of Access. Representations had been made by those in favor of this bill to the friends of the making possible a regrading of North Capmunication between the Capitol and the or the Mahone property. This is a highly important matter, as at present North Capitol street is practically blockaded by the B. and O. tracks and communication by wagon with the printing office is to be had only by a circuitous route. The offi-cers of the Northeast Association have communicated with Capt. Powell, the Dis-

Capitol street. The present level of the street at B street will be lowered a trifle, and the grade from that point north will be increased just Last Veto.

The regular meeting of the cabinet was held at the White House, all the members

The transfer of the cabinet was held at the White House, all the members held at the White House, all the white House held at the White House, all the members held at the White House, all the white House held at the held at the White House, all the members there have been several projects for carrybeing in attendance, except Secretary Car-lisle, who is in New York, and Secretary bridge, but this would involve a great expense, and would present an unsightly apthe south. The President has received a pearance, if, indeed, it would be possible score of telegrams and letters from New from an engineering point of view without

The House Wastes a Day Over Approval of the Journal.

Mr. Reed Offers an Amendment That Is Rejected-Calls of the House to Get a Quorum.

Speaker Crisp was given a rousing reception when he ascended the rostrum of the House at noon today. From both sides of the hall the applause was deafening. The spectators in the galleries rose to their feet and leaned far over to get a full view of the newly honored statesman. Many of them joined in the demonstration. The Speaker, gavel in hand, gently inclined his head in acknowledgment, and as he did so the applause swelled and broke into a great

# Mr. Reed's Point of Order.

The battle which came so abruptly to a close last night when the House adjourned was reopened by Mr. Reed as soon as the 1884. journal was read. He made the point of order that the journal failed to show that Mr. Payne made a point of order, that but one teller had acted on the demand for the no doubt whatever of the purpose of the new law. This purpose is to permit bookmaking during the spring and fall meetings of the during the spring and during the

question on the approval of the journal, re-fusing to withdraw it to allow Mr. Reed to offer another amendment to the effect that Mr. Payne rose to a point of order, amendment to the liquor law, which was and the Speaker refused to permit the point that showed him up in very dark lights, but

The Previous Question Ordered.

The previous question was ordered-178-1. Under the rule thirty minutes were then allowed for debate, fifteen minutes on a on the 3d of March, 1893, having thirty guest chambers, and also to hotels that may be established thereafter with not less than fifty rooms. Wholesale licenses may shall be decided by the Speaker. Twice yesterday the Speaker refused to recoglished prior to March 3, 1893, or prior to the erection of public or private schools or reason therefor. No reason, according to the usages of parliamentary law, could be given for refusing to entertain a point of order except that the processes of the House were being used to obstruct business. The Speaker had repeatedly held that that rea-son was not a valid one.

The Amendment Disagreed to. Mr. Springer, who controlled the time

hence subsequent proceedings were vitiated. What Constitutes a Quorum. The Speaker stated that if Mr. Sipe had not voted, leaving only 178 recorded votes.

the question of what constituted a quorum was thereby raised. He intimated that he would rule a majority of the members elected and living to be a quorum, and Mr. Rae (Ark.) was inclined to force a ruling, but after discussion, by unanimous consent, an agreement was reached to take the vote over

again. The roll call just finished showed the amendment to the journal to have been lost, 1-179.

# RUMORS OF TROUBLE.

Lilinokalani.

Information has been received here that the tracks and to running down Delaware all is not well on the Hawaiian Islands, and avenue on a viaduct. The hard times, he that trouble is imminent, in consequence of renewed efforts to bring about the restoration of Queen Liliuokalani. It is reported that unofficial assurances have been Light at Last.

The river and harbor appropriation bill was completed by the House committee

ment of the improvement might prove rather short and it might be necessary to amend the bill by lengthening this period.

The bill as drawned in the bill for the accomplishment of the leaders in that movement that ment of the English and Japanese diplomatic representatives at House committee. matic representatives at Honolulu, inspired by the feeling that the United States cannot consistently oppose any movement so directly in accord with the policy and public utterances of President Cleveland his Secretary of State. It was information of this character, that induced the Presi-dent to send Admiral Walker to Honolulu layed now so that at the most two years in hot haste. Admiral Walker is one of the most discreet and capable officers in the service and was selected for this delicate mission on that acount. The administra-tion has had enough trouble with the Hawalian question already, and will have no stand there is no gainsaying the fact that more if it can be avoided. The American she made a most favorable impression upon commander will have a most difficult post to fill in the event of a revolution in favor of the late monarchy, aided and abetted by foreign elements. He could not consistently of a woman scorned. He must have had in a sist the provisional government, yet it mind some such woman as the plaintiff in would be a sore trial to stand supinely and see Americans attacked by native Hawaiians and foreigners.

It is said that Admiral Walker will also once. Now it is "love to hatred turned." have important work to do in connection She is determined to make him suffer for

## patrolling the Bering sea. Another Kearsarge.

Secretary Herbert and Assistant Secretary McAdoo have given a hearty indorsemenf to the proposition to perpetuate the name and fame of the Kearsarge. On this subject Secretary Herbert said:

"I think it would be well to have the next battleship authorized by Congress named project for a new government printing the Kearsarge. Congress can put in the bill office to show that the improvement will when it authorizes another ship that it should be named the Kearsarge. The rule has been adopted, and probably ought to be adhered to, that battleships should be named for the states, and so far this rule had been complied with. If an exception, however, should be made by an act of Congress, and an authorization made for buildirg another Kearsarge, it would go as far as anything else I know of to make reparation for the loss of the historic old ship."

Among the pensions granted today were the following: District of Columbia-Original, Henry Bowie, Washington; Thomas P. Keene,

Washington, Increase, Hans C. Nehlen, Washington Maryland-Reissue, Henry Myers, Oakland, Garrett; George W. Reiser, Baltimore. Virginia—Reissue, Henry Francis, Bower's Hill. Hill, Norfolk. Reissue and increase, Dennis Sickmore, National Military Home, Elizabeth City.

Free Coinage and the Tariff. A rumor gained currency about the Captol yesterday to the effect that the veto of the seigniorage bill would be taken ad-

Mr. Breckinridge Continues to Tell His Side of the Case.

# DENIALS OF PLAINTIFF'S TESTIMONY

Miss Pollard Becomes Greatly Excited in the Court Room.

NO MARRIAGE PROMISED

The progress of the suit brought by Miss Pollard against Representative Breckincheer. The demonstration lasted fully a ridge is now at its most interesting stage. All day long the defendant has been upon the stand describing in detail the relations that have existed between himself and Miss Pollard from the time he first met her in

It has been a frightful ordeal for the member of Congress from Lexington, and he shows it in every way. His bearing all through this trial can best be described by up against him. While the woman who charges him with seduction and breach of promise was on the stand she told & story of order to be stated.

On a rising vote the journal was approved, and Mr. Reed forced the yeas and nays.

that showed him up in very dark ights, but through it all he sat unmoved, though he was facing her squarely and distant from



(Pa.), who had gone home last are quite different. He is fairly placed night, had been recorded as voting aye.
The loss of his vote would have broken the lize that the position of the defendant in court is not as pleasant as the one he is more accustomed to, that of the popular attorney looked up to by the court.

The desire to obtain admission to the court room where the sensational breach of promise suit against Representative Breck inridge is being tried was greater this morning than ever before. Every one wanted to hear the illustrious defendant testify in his own behalf.

There has been only one other feature of this famous trial that in any degree has approached the present in point of interest. This was the appearance of Miss Pollard lost, 1-179.

A quorum was procured on the confirmation of the vote on demand for the previous question, 18i-1. The vote then came on the main question, the approval of the orator, who was a jurist of standing and orator, who was a jurist of standing and Mr. Faulkner told the delegation that the subcommittee having charge of the bill.composed of himself, Senator McMillan and Senposed of himself, Senator McMi quorum failed on this vote-174-0 prominent in many religious movements. she was one of the most remarkable women ever seen on the stand in a Washington



guileless school girl when she first met the silver-tongued orator ten years ago the same cannot be said of her now. She is a keen, sharp woman, and while on the

The poet has spoken feelingly of the furby this case. She may have been, and doubtless was, very fond of Mr. Breckinridge with the sealing industry, and the work of the wrongs she considers she has endured at his hands.

The plaintiff was in court this morning and remained throughout the day. She came in before Judge Bradley or the lawyers for the defendant had made an appearance. She was clad, as usual, in dark blue, with a flat bonnet, with a cock feather upright in the front, and a light dotted

veil reaching down to her chin. All through the morning she sat quietly and with her eyes fixed firmly on her erstwhile paramour. Several times her face showed signs of the deepest emotions and often of indignation, as though she was both surprised and angry at the tale he was telling. Two or three times it became necessary for Mrs. Ellis, who sat on one side of her, or Mr. Carlisle, on the other, to restrain her by a word or two spoken

